

13. Loss of appetite/perted'apetit/食欲不振 فقدان الشهية	Yes/oui/是 نعم <input type="checkbox"/>	No/non/否 لا <input type="checkbox"/>
14. Vomiting /vomissement/呕吐 القئ إستفراغ	Yes/oui/是 نعم <input type="checkbox"/>	No/non/否 لا <input type="checkbox"/>
15. Diarrhoea /diarrhée/腹泻 الإسهال	Yes/oui/是 نعم <input type="checkbox"/>	No/non/否 لا <input type="checkbox"/>
16. Lethargy (general weakness) /lethargie/疲倦 ضعف عام	Yes/oui/是 نعم <input type="checkbox"/>	No/non/否 لا <input type="checkbox"/>
17. Stomach pain/ Douleur d'estomac/胃部不适 ألم المعدة	Yes/oui/是 نعم <input type="checkbox"/>	No/non/否 لا <input type="checkbox"/>
18. Skin rash/Une éruption cutanée/皮疹 طفح جلدي	Yes/oui/是 نعم <input type="checkbox"/>	No/non/否 لا <input type="checkbox"/>
19. Breathing difficulties/Difficultés respiratoires/呼吸困難 صعوبة التنفس	Yes/oui/是 نعم <input type="checkbox"/>	No/non/否 لا <input type="checkbox"/>
20. Hiccups/ Hiccups /打嗝 صازوق ام شهيق	Yes/oui/是 نعم <input type="checkbox"/>	No/non/否 لا <input type="checkbox"/>
21. Cough/咳嗽 كحة	Yes/oui/是 نعم <input type="checkbox"/>	No/non/否 لا <input type="checkbox"/>
22. Sore throat/咽喉不适 التهاب الحلق	Yes/oui/是 نعم <input type="checkbox"/>	No/non/否 لا <input type="checkbox"/>
23. Sudden loss of smell فقدان الشم	Yes/oui/是 نعم <input type="checkbox"/>	No/non/否 لا <input type="checkbox"/>
24. Sudden loss of taste فقدان المذاق	Yes/oui/是 نعم <input type="checkbox"/>	No/non/否 لا <input type="checkbox"/>
25. Sudden loss of taste فقدان المذاق	Yes/oui/是 نعم <input type="checkbox"/>	No/non/否 لا <input type="checkbox"/>

1 A person suffering from Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) develops fever, cough, and breathing difficulties within 14 days of being exposed to a case confirmed or suspected to have COVID-19.

Ebola Virus Disease (EVD) infections facts

Ebola is a dangerous disease. The infection spreads through contact with blood or body fluids of an infected person or an infected animal or by contact with contaminated objects.

- Symptoms include fever, weakness, muscle pain, headache and sore throat. This is followed by vomiting, diarrhea, rash, and in some cases, unexplained bleeding.
- Cases of Ebola have recently been confirmed in the Democratic republic of Congo.
- Treatment: There is no licensed vaccine. Severely ill patients require intensive supportive care. They are frequently dehydrated and need intravenous fluids or oral rehydration with solutions that contain electrolytes. There is currently no specific treatment to cure the disease. However, there are experimental vaccines and medicines that are being used as additional tools to prevent and control Ebola.

Prevent infection of Ebola through:

- Practice careful hygiene by washing hands with soap, Jik or chlorine.
- Do not practice communal washing of hands during funeral rites
- Avoid all contact with blood and body fluids of infected people or animals.

COVID 19 facts

The Corona virus disease (COVID-19) outbreak was confirmed in Wuhan City of China on 31 December 2019. The outbreak has since spread to many countries all over the world and it was declared a pandemic.

Any person presenting with at least two of the following symptoms: fever (>38°C), chills, rigors, myalgia, headache, sore throat, fatigue, vomiting, diarrhea, sudden loss of taste, sudden loss of smell; OR at least one of the following symptoms: severe cough, shortness of breath, or difficulty breathing; OR Severe respiratory illness; AND no alternative more likely diagnosis.

Prevention of COVID 19.

To reduce the risk of exposure to infection and transmission of a range of other illnesses follow these recommendations made by the World Health Organization

- Frequently wash your hands with soap and water or alcohol-based hand rub;
- Cover your mouth and nose with a mask, disposable tissues, or a sleeve or flexed elbow when coughing or sneezing;
- Avoid contact with anyone showing signs of a cold, cough or flu-like symptoms
- Seek medical care if you have any of these symptoms fever, cough and difficulty breathing;(especially if you have recently travelled to Coronavirus affected country or been in touch with someone who has travelled from these countries.

For further information, please contact the Ministry of Health Emergency Call Centre at (6666)or report to any nearest Health facility

Director of Emergency Preparedness and Response

Ministry of Health, Republic of South Sudan

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